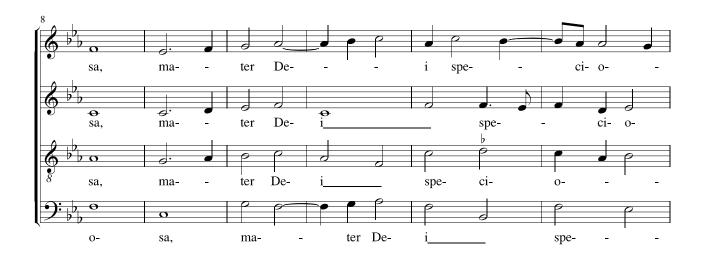
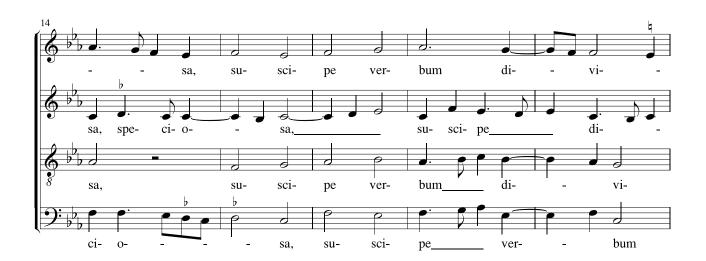


O genetrix gloriosa

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Sources:

MS 2267 (Librone 3), MS 2266 (Librone 4), Archivo della Veneranda Fabbrica del Duomo, Sezione Musicale, Milan Motetti A (Ottaviano Petrucci, Venice, 1502)

Note values halved. Transposed down a tone.

Text: Based, in part, on a responsory for the 3rd Sunday in Advent, Suscipe verbum virgo Maria. **Translation:**

O glorious parent, beautiful mother of God, receive the divine word which has been delivered to you from the Lord by an angel. Pure blessed virgin, you will indeed bear a son, you will become pregnant without detriment to your virginity, and will always be an intact virgin.

Lynn Halpern Ward (*The "Motetti Missales" Repertory Reconsidered*, Journal of the American Musicological Society, Vol. 39, No. 3 - Autumn 1986) has suggested that this piece may be part of a *motetti musicali* cycle: a Milanese practice of substituting the movements of a mass with motets. In most of its sources, it is grouped with other motets from this conjectural cycle: in Petrucci's *Motetti A* (and a number of other sources), it is paired with *Ave virgo gloriosa*; in Librone 3, it is not grouped with other motets, but follows settings of the *Gloria* and *Sanctus* (a different setting from that in Ward's cycle), and may have been intended for use with them; in the fire-damaged Librone 4, where it follows *O admirabile commercium* and *Sanctus*, it appears in a different form: the text is altered, beginning with *Suscipe verbum*, with different music for the first part of the motet. Whether or not all the components of Ward's proposed cycle were ever performed as a unit, it seems likely that they were used in the groupings in which they appear in the Libroni. Jean Richafort based a mass on *O genetrix gloriosa*.